

# **BUILDING SURVEY REPORT**

CLIENT

PROPERTY

#### SURVEY DATE 25 Mar 2020

REF

7278

The format of this Mi BUILDING SURVEY REPORT is consistent with the guidance note requirements for a Survey Level 3 as defined by RICS Surveys of Residential Property 3rd edition May 2016



100 High St Whitstable CT5 1AZ

t: 01227 238970 e: housesurveys1@gmail.com

Domestic Property Surveys Ltd REGISTERED IN ENGLAND AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS. COMPANY REG NO : 11073112



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# 1.1 - About the survey and the report

#### Introduction

This report is for the private and confidential use of the client named in the report and for whom the survey is undertaken, and for the use of their professional advisors, and should not be reproduced in whole or in part or relied upon by Third Parties for any purpose without the express written authority of the Surveyor.

This report is produced by a properly qualified surveyor who will provide an objective opinion about the condition of the property which you, as the buyer, will be able to rely on and use. However, if you decide not to act on the advice in the report, you do so at your own risk.

#### What this report tells you;

- about the construction of the property and the history of its development as far as could be ascertained.
- about the condition of the property on the date it was inspected.
- any limitations that the surveyor experienced during the course of the inspection, and the nature of risks that may be present in those areas
- the nature of any significant defects that were found.
- how to approach rectification of defects identified.
- about elements of the property that will require more frequent or costly maintenance than would normally be expected
- whether more enquiries or investigations are needed.

#### What this report does not tell you;

- the market value of the property or matters that will be considered when a market valuation is provided.
- about the nature or condition of any part of the property that is/was
  - specifically excluded from the inspection by prior arrangement
    - not accessible or visible using normal and accepted surveying practices
  - not accessible or visible for health or safety reasons
- about any minor defects that would be anticipated in a property of the type and age being inspected the nature of such minor defects will vary between property types
- details of defects that would normally be categorised as wear and tear or which would normally be dealt with as a matter of routine maintenance.
- the report is not an asbestos inspection under the Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012.
- any advice on subjects that are not covered by the report. If you need further advice you must arrange for it to be provided separately.
- the condition of services (heating, plumbing, electrics, drains etc.) other than can be determined from a visual inspection and when checking them by operating them in normal everyday circumstances.

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## 1.2 - How the survey is carried out

#### General

The surveyor carefully and thoroughly carries out a visual and non-invasive inspection of the inside and outside of the main building and all permanent outbuildings, recording the construction and defects (both major and minor) that are evident. This inspection is intended to cover as much of the property as physically accessible. Where this is not possible an explanation is provided in the relevant sections of the report.

The surveyor does not force or open up the fabric, or take action where there is a risk of causing personal injury or damage. This includes taking up fitted carpets, fitted floor coverings or floorboards, moving heavy furniture, removing the contents of cupboards, wardrobes, and/or roof spaces, moving of personal possessions, removing secured panels and/or hatches or undoing electrical fittings. The under-floor areas are inspected only where there is safe and clear access.

If necessary, the surveyor carries out parts of the inspection when standing at ground level from adjoining public property where accessible. This means the extent of the inspection will depend on a range of individual circumstances at the time of inspection, and the surveyor judges each case on an individual basis.

The surveyor uses equipment such as a moisture meter, binoculars and a torch, and uses a ladder for flat roofs and for hatches no more than 3m above level ground (outside) or floor surfaces (inside) if it is safe to do so. The surveyor may also carries out additional research about matters affecting the property.

#### Services

Services are generally hidden within the construction of the property. This means that only the visible parts of the available services can be inspected, and the surveyor does not carry out specialist tests other than through their normal operation in everyday use. The visual inspection cannot assess the efficiency or safety of electrical, gas or other energy sources; the plumbing, heating or drainage installations (or whether they meet current regulations); or the internal condition of any chimney, boiler or other flue. Intermittent faults of services may not be apparent on the day of inspection. If any services (such as the boiler or mains water) are turned off, they are not turned on for safety reasons and the report will state that to be the case.

#### Outside

The surveyor inspects the condition of boundary walls, fences, permanent outbuildings and areas in common (shared) use. To inspect these areas, the surveyor walks around the grounds and any neighbouring public property where access can reasonably be obtained. Where there are restrictions to access, these are reported and advice is given on any potential underlying risks that may require further investigation.

#### Outbuildings

Buildings with swimming pools and sports facilities are treated as permanent outbuildings and therefore are inspected, but the surveyor does not report on the leisure facilities, such as the pool itself and associated equipment internally and externally, landscaping or other facilities (for example, tennis courts and temporary outbuildings).

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# 1.2 - How the survey is carried out

#### Flats

When inspecting flats, the surveyor assesses the general condition of outside surfaces of the building, as well as its access and communal areas (for example, shared hallways and staircases) and roof spaces, but only if they are accessible from within the property or communal areas. The surveyor also identifies drains, lifts, fire alarms and security systems, although the surveyor does not carry out any specialist tests other than through their normal operation in everyday use. For safety reasons, drainage inspection chambers in communal areas are not lifted.

#### Hazardous substances, contamination and environmental issues

Unless otherwise expressly stated in the report, the surveyor assumed that no harmful or dangerous materials or techniques have been used in the construction of the property. However, the surveyor will advise in the Report if, in his view, there is a likelihood that harmful or dangerous materials have been used in the construction and specific enquiries should be made or tests should be carried out by a specialist.

The surveyor makes enquiries about contamination or other environmental dangers. If the surveyor suspects a problem, he/she recommends further investigation. See also section 3.3.

The Surveyor does not comment upon the possible existence of noxious substances, landfill or mineral extraction, or other forms of contamination other than in a general sense if information is available.

#### Asbestos

The surveyor does not carry out an asbestos inspection and does not act as an asbestos inspector when inspecting properties that may fall within the Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012. With flats, the surveyor assumes that there is a 'dutyholder' (as defined in the regulations), and that in place are an asbestos register and an effective management plan which does not present a significant risk to health or need any immediate payment. The surveyor does not consult the dutyholder. See also section 3.2

#### Consents, approvals and searches

The surveyor does not carry out an asbestos inspection and does not act as an asbestos inspector when inspecting properties that may fall within the Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012.

With flats which have common areas, the surveyor assumes that there is a 'dutyholder' (as defined in the regulations), and that in place are an asbestos register and an effective management plan, which you should ask to see. The surveyor does not consult the dutyholder

#### Assumptions

Unless otherwise expressly agreed, the surveyor while preparing the report assumed that:

a. the property (if for sale) is offered with vacant possession;

b. the Property is connected to mains services with appropriate rights on a basis that is known and acceptable to the Client; and

c. access to the Property is as of right upon terms known and acceptable to the Client.

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#### Legal matters

The surveyor does not act as 'the legal adviser' and does not comment on any legal documents. If, during the inspection, the surveyor identifies issues that your legal advisers may need to investigate further, the surveyor may refer to these in the report (for example, check whether there is a warranty covering replacement windows).

The report has been prepared by the Surveyor, who has the skills, knowledge and experience to survey and report on the property.

The statements and opinions expressed in the report are expressed on behalf of the Surveyor, who accepts full responsibility for these.

The report is provided for the use of the client(s) named on the front of the report and the Surveyor cannot accept responsibility if it is used, or relied upon, by anyone else.

Nothing in these terms removes your right of cancellation under the Consumer Contracts Regulations 2013.

If the property is leasehold, the Surveyor gives you general advice and details of questions you should ask your legal advisers. This general advice is given towards the back of the report.



The report applies 'condition ratings' to the major parts of the main building, associated habitable structures, and other structures present. The property is broken down into separate elements, and each element has been given a condition rating 1, 2, 3, HS or NI – see more on definitions below.

To help describe the condition of the home, condition ratings are given to the main parts (the 'elements') of the building, garage, and some parts outside. Some elements can be made up of several different parts.

The condition ratings are described:-

#### **Condition Rating 1**

Only minor or cosmetic repairs, or no repairs at all are currently needed. Normal maintenance must be carried out.

#### **Condition Rating 2**

Repairs or replacements are needed but these are not considered to be serious or urgent.

#### **Condition Rating 3**

These are defects which are either serious and/or require urgent repair or replacement or where it is felt that further investigation is required (for instance where there is reason to believe repair work is needed but an invasive investigation is required to confirm this). A serious defect is one which could lead to rapid deterioration in the property, or one where the building element has failed or where its imminent failure could lead to more serious structural damage. You should obtain quotes for additional work where a condition rating 3 is given, prior to exchange of contracts.

#### Condition Rating HS

These are actual, or potential, health and safety related matters that require your immediate attention. Failure to attend to these issues could result in serious injury or death. In many cases it will require specific testing of services such as electricity or gas to confirm that they are safe to use, but in other instances it may relate to actual, or perceived, risks of falls or other hazards.

It is recommended that that these matters are treated as urgent and should be attended to as soon as possible after receipt of this report and prior to any exchange of contracts.

#### ΝΙ

Not inspected. Indicates an element of the property that could not be inspected due to some restriction of access or view.

### NA

Not applicable – this element is not present at the property or is included within another section of the report.

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	Section - 1.4/1.5 - Additional Information for this Survey		
Conflicts of Interest	A conflict of interest is anything that impedes or might be perceived to impede an individual's or firm's ability to act impartially and in the best interest of a client.		
	There are no known relevant conflicts of interest		
Specific Exclusions	Areas which are excluded from the inspection and report by prior arrangement		
	There are no areas of the property excluded from the extent of the inspection at the request of the client		

t: 01227 238970 e: housesurveys1@gmail.com

	Section 2 Property information			
	2.1 - About the property			
Seller Information	The property owners were present for the duration of the survey. They provided some information about the property and its history and although it is assumed that this information is true and accurate, no verification was carried out. You are therefore advised to confirm the accuracy of any such information prior to exchange of contracts. The vendors advised that they have been in residence since it was extended in 2011			
General Construction Information	The property is a detached chalet bungalow that was extended from the original property in 2011. It is of brick cavity construction, the roof is a cut timber structure covered in concrete tiles and the windows are all uPVC double glazed units. The ground floor is of solid construction.			
	The property was extended to its current form in 2011.			
	The British Geological Website indicates that the bedrock geology is of Lewes chalk.			
	References in the report refer: The front of the property is deemed as road side. The left and right of the property are as standing outside facing the front door. Room names are referenced from the floorplan supplied.			
Council Planning Information	Information relating to the original planning application is available on the council's website, some of which is contained herein.			
	location map			

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t: 01227 238970 e: housesurveys1@gmail.com

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planning app	
According to Historic England the property is not listed.	
The property was occupied, habitable and fully furnished. All connected services were operational.	
Gas – Connected to Mains Electricity – Connected to Mains Drainage – Connected to Mains Water – Connected to Mains	
At the time of survey the weather was dry and sunny.	
The property is within the area of Reigate and Banstead Borough Council	
No specific issue noted by surveyor	
A full central heating system is installed with a gas fired boiler supplying hot water to radiators throughout the property.	
Underfloor heating has been installed on the ground floor but not yet connected.	
The boiler was not inspected in detail and should be examined by a suitably qualified engineer in accordance with the manufacturers' guidance.	

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Outside facilities	<ul> <li>There is an integral double garage .</li> <li>The gardens extend to the front and rear of the property. There is a patio area to the rear of the property which is made of stone flagstones.</li> <li>There is a timber outhouse to the front of the property which has been converted into living accomodation.</li> <li>There are two sheds.</li> <li>There is a pond to the front and rear of the property.</li> </ul>
Renewable Energy Services	There are no renewable energy services installed at the property.
Broadband Service	I have not carried out an assessment of broadband speeds for this property. If this is important to you, it is essential you check with your preferred broadband provider or request a speed test at the property when you visit and certainly before you commit to the purchase.
Tenure	The property is understood to be of freehold tenure and with vacant possession but your conveyancer should confirm this to be the case.

## Section 2 **Property information** 2.2 - Summary and Issues

This section is a summary of matters that are of particular interest but you should consider ALL information contained in this report. General No serious issues were detected at the time of the survey. Main Issues The inspection was carried out at a time of restrictions laid down by the government as a consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. The resident of the outhouse was quarantined and no access was possible. Dampness Moisture meter readings were taken internally at regular intervals, about 40/50 per room, where access permitted, throughout the property. They were taken from areas such as the internal Summary face of all external walls, party walls, ground floor, ceilings, chimney breasts, around windows, around all water using fittings, and in the loft space. (This is not an exhaustive list). There is no evidence of any rising damp or excessive levels of cold bridging at the property. Condensation levels are within levels to be expected for a property of this type and age.

Structural Summary	No evidence of movement was seen other than that which would normally be expected in any building of this age.
Health & Safety related	There is no evidence of recent inspection of the electrical or heating systems, but certification may be available. See also 6.1 and 6.2.

matters



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	2.4 - Summary of Accommodation								
	Reception Rooms	Bedrooms	Bath/ Shower	Sep WC	Kitchen	Utility	Conservatory / Sun room	Other	Integral Garage
First Floor		5	5						
Ground Floor	4			1	1	1			1
Т	The approximate living area of the property, excluding the integral garage, is 414.82m <sup>2</sup>								

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# 2.6 - Energy Performance

The Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) is obtained from the publicly accessible national database where one has been lodged. There is no requirement for an EPC to be prepared for some property types, for example, listed buildings. The surveyor considers the contents of the EPC and provides information about energy efficiency measures that could be implemented.

The Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) for the property, which was not prepared by me, shows a current efficiency rating of 74, band C. The potential rating is given as 78, band C. The rating as provided for this property is above the UK average. We have obtained the complete 4-page EPC document should you wish to see a copy.

Further improvements can be gained employing renewable energy sources such as Solar and PV panels for hot water and electricity generation.

Before commencing any work you should ensure that all statutory permissions have been obtained for any changes you wish to make to your property.

epc

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	2.7 - Insurance Reinstatement Cost
Reinstatement cost £794,000	This reinstatement cost is the estimated cost of completely rebuilding the property based on information from BCIS Online, a service which provides building cost information and which is approved by the Association of British Insurers. It represents the sum at which the home should be insured against fire and other risks. It is based on building and other related costs and does not include the value of the land the home is built on or its contents. It does not include leisure facilities such as swimming pools and tennis courts. The figure should be reviewed regularly as building costs change. Importantly, it is not a market or other valuation of the property. Also it does not include VAT which may or may not be applicable in certain circumstance. BCIS calculates a cost to rebuild a property to modern standards under existing building regulations requirements.

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# Section 3 - Conveyancing, Health & Safety and Environmental Matters 3.1 - Conveyancing Related Matters

This information should be highlighted to your conveyancer.

This may not include all relevant issues but is an indication of those matters that were apparent to the surveyor, who is not legally qualified. Legal documents will not have been examined during the course of preparation of this report.

Extensions & Alterations	Extensions: Permission granted in 2008 Conservatory: None noted Loft Conversion: None noted New Boiler: A modern condensing boiler has been installed Chimney / Breast Removals: None noted Wall Removal: Number as part of extension Post 2002 Windows: All Log Burner Installation: None noted Electrical Circuits: None noted Renewables: None noted Drainage: None Noted
Access & Rights of way	There are no shared vehicular access rights affecting the property
Easements & Wayleaves	No issue noted by surveyor
Property Let	No issue noted by surveyor
Tree Preservation Orders	No issue noted by surveyor
Party Wall Award	None
Drainage	No issue noted by surveyor

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Boundaries and Title Deeds	The Land Registry holds a map, called the Title Plan, which is the Government's official register of the location of a property. Although it shows the boundaries of the property, normally in a red line, they are only an indication of the location of the boundaries and are not specific or highly accurate. The line drawn on the plan may be 1 mm wide at a scale of 1:1250, giving an accuracy of significantly less than 1 metre on the ground. In most cases this is the only official recognition of the boundaries of a property.
	As such, it is impossible to determine whether a fence or wall is in the correct place. However, during the course of the survey an inspection was conducted to identify any obvious features which could suggest that the boundaries are not consistent with the general line identified on the title plan.
	No detailed measurements were taken to establish the precise location of any boundary, and, if concerned, you should seek further advice from a boundary dispute specialist, particularly if planning to make alterations that might be immediately adjacent to, or affect, the boundaries.
	Determining the precise location of a boundary can be a very lengthy and expensive process, and can result in disputes arising between neighbours.
	Similarly, the Land Registry title documents rarely indicate who is responsible for the maintenance, repair or replacement of a particular boundary fence or wall. And although existing neighbours may believe that an arrangement is officially recorded, it is usually the case that no such information is given within the title plan or register, and that most boundary fences and walls are of shared responsibility.
	Observations No issue noted by surveyor but I have not checked the title plan against the actual house layout. We have just checked the indicative HMLR Mapsearch facility which shows no obvious anomalies.
	You should check the title deed as supplied by your legal advisor against the actual property layout on the ground.
Common and Shared Areas	No common or shared areas noted by surveyor

	3.2 - Health & Safety related matters		
	A full Health & Safety risk assessment of the property and grounds was not conducted, however any matters noted during the survey which could increase the risk of accidents or injury are reported here.		
Fire Risk	The design of the windows prevents easy exit in the event of fire. You are advised to ensure that adequate smoke alarms are fitted, and that they are in good working order.		
Safety Glass	No issue noted by surveyor		
Lead Pipes	A visual inspection was carried out, however pipes buried within walls or beneath the ground were not inspected.		
Risk of Falls	Stairs Steepness: No Issue Noted Stairs Handrails: No Issue Noted Stairs Balustrades: No Issue Noted Window Cill heights: No Issue Noted Unprotected Balconies: No Issue Noted Trip Hazards: No Issue Noted		
Unsafe Fittings	No issue noted by surveyor		
Insect and Rodent Infestations	No issue noted by surveyor		
Recent testing of services	There is no evidence of recent inspection of the electrical or heating systems, but certification may be available. See also 6.1 and 6.2.		

Asbestos	This report is not an asbestos inspection under the Control of Asbestos Regulations 2006 and no specific testing to detect the presence of asbestos has been conducted. Based on a visual inspection only, the Surveyor didn't note or suspect that any construction materials and products used at the property contained asbestos. However this does not preclude that their presence may be hidden behind other surface materials. The following should be noted:- No specific tests have been carried out to confirm the presence or absence of asbestos in any materials, and so any references are an assumption based on of the type and age of material seen. None of the materials seen were in a condition that would give any cause for concern, even were they to contain any asbestos. Asbestos only poses a risk where airborne fibres are present and none of the materials seen were seen to be damaged in a way that would release fibres.
	fibres. Asbestos containing materials were commonly used in the construction, conversion and refurbishment of houses in the 1950's-70's, though the use of asbestos was not completely prohibited until the late 1990's. Many houses therefore include materials that contain asbestos and are lived in safely and without risk to health. However you should be aware that there are health risks when asbestos containing materials are drilled or sanded and you should consider this when carrying out any alterations, repairs or renovations. Any such materials should not be drilled or disturbed without prior advice from a licensed specialist. You can obtain further information from the Health & Safety Executive asbestos site http://www.hse.gov.uk/asbestos/index.htm
Misc	The two ponds ,one to the front and one to the rear,are uncovered.



# 3.3 - Environmental Matters

A full environmental assessment of the property and grounds was not undertaken. Publicly available information is reproduced herewith, and may be supplemented by a more detailed search which can be commissioned by your conveyancer.

Flood	No issue noted by surveyor at the time of the survey, no flooding was noted in or around the subject property but see flood maps c/o the environment agency below. Please note that flooding can occur outside designated flood prone areas. The Environment Agency are constantly updating their data to reflect any new incidents of flooding or any increased risks of flooding. This publicly available information should be used to indicate a level of risk to the property. You should consult your legal advisor with regards to the options for carrying out a full environment search.
Geology	The British Geological website indicates the ground is of chalk which is a solid base and hence not liable to move adversely.
Radon	As the property is in a white area, it means that there is less than a 0 - 1% risk and no further action needs to be taken. However, if there is a property higher than 0-1% risk, this probability level will be allocated to the whole square even though many of the neighbouring properties may be much less. In these cases, UKradon recommends an on-line 'UKradon search'. This is easily arranged and only costs a few pounds.
Fracking	The Oil & Gas Authority (OGA) operates a website that provides information about the location of oil and gas deposits, wells, and areas where licenses have been granted or offered for exploration purposes. This may include drilling for oil or gas, or the extraction of shale gas, commonly known as fracking. Further information is available from the website www.ogauthority.co.uk
Landfill	No issue noted by surveyor
Invasive Species	The grounds around the house were inspected for any indications of Japanese Knotweed. The vendor was also asked if they had any knowledge of Japanese Knotweed.
Mining	No issue noted by surveyor

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# Section 4 - Outside of the Property

#### Scope of survey

The following was carried out:-

- A visual, non-invasive inspection of the outside of the main building and permanent outbuildings from various points within the boundaries of the property and from public areas such as footpaths and open spaces, without entering neighbouring private property unless permission had been expressly granted.

- High level features were inspected either from points within the property using binoculars, a ladder or other equipment, where safe to do so. A ladder was used to view areas not visible from the ground, or other safe and accessible vantage points, where those areas were no more than 3 metres from ground level.

- Because of the risk of falls or of causing damage, flat roofs were not walked upon.

4.1	Chimney Stacks
4.2	Roof Coverings
4.3	Rainwater and Above Ground Drainage Fittings
4.4	Walls
4.5	Windows and External Doors
4.6	External Joinery and Finishes
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	4.1 Chimney Stacks	Condition rating	NA
Construction & Type	There are no chimney stacks located at the property. The design of the pro include a chimney stack there being no means for the combustion of solid		

	4.2 Roof Coverings	Condition rating	1
Construction & Type	The main roof slopes are pitched and covered with plain concrete tiles. There is a flat roof section to the central part of the property.		
Nature of inspection and Limitations	The roof pitches were examined from ground level with the aid of binocular for possible defects including sagging, collapse, broken/missing/damaged other evidence of failure. The flat roof could not be inspected as no part of it was visible from any ex	tiles, holes,	and
Condition	Pitched roof section The roof and ridge tiles are in a generally good condition for their age and fixed. There is evidence of an excessive build up of moss and lichen on the surfar roof tiles, which can reduce the effective flow of rainwater from the roof slop also retain water and restrict the evaporation of humidity from the interior of There is also a heightened risk of frost damage. Weathering and discolouration are both consistent with age and degree of Flat roof section This type of roof covering can last up to 20 years if the manufacturer's inst have been strictly adhered to and if it is well maintained. The current roof w about 10 years ago.	ace of some be and which of the roof sp exposure. allation requ	of the n can ace.

Action Required	Pitched Sections: Carry out normal maintenance including removal of moss build-up. You should carry out a thorough visual inspection at least once a year, ideally in the Spring to identify and repair any damage that could have been caused by winter weather. Any missing mortar at the verges and beneath any hip or ridge tiles should be replaced. Any moss or other accumulated plant matter should be cleared Flat Sections: Ideally you should anticipate that it would require normal maintenance for the short to medium term but you should allow for recovering within 10 years. The most likely areas where deterioration will occur are the joints between the flat roof and the parapets or to other upstands. When any recovering is undertaken, the supporting structure may also need some
	attention.
	<image/> <image/>

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	4.3 Rainwater and Above Ground Drainage Fittings	Condition rating	1	
Construction & Type	The rainwater gutters and downpipes are uPVC throughout. The external soil stacks are also PVC.			
Nature of inspection and Limitations	and gulleys were examined for any signs of damage, leakage, correct supports, cracking and			
	As it was dry at the time of survey only a limited assessment could be made as to the effectiveness of the rainwater fittings.			
	No tests have been carried out to either trace or establish the structure or underground soakaways.	condition of	any	
Condition	The gutters are currently in fair condition and alignment. There were no significant leaks note but all gutters require examining periodically and clearing of moss, leaves and silt which will inevitably accumulate.			
	The soil stack and associated plumbing is in a fair condition with no leakag	ges noted.		
Action Required	Gutters and downpipes should be cleaned and inspected regularly to ensure that they are fre from blockages and leaks. If it is noted during any heavy rain, that gutters or downpipe joints are leaking, then these must be fixed as soon as possible to prevent water penetration to the property and damage to the foundations.			



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	4.4 Walls	Condition rating	1
Construction & Type	The outside walls are brick-faced and of cavity construction. The damp proof course at ground level [waterproofing to prevent rising damp] is PVC. The side and rear elevations are covered in a cement based render coat.		
Nature of inspection and Limitations	The outside walls were examined from ground level with the aid of binoculars from vantage points within the grounds of the property and suitable public areas around. The walls were examined for signs of bowing or leaning, damaged brickwork and pointing, cracking, indications of subsidence and land failure and other defects.		
Condition	Stability and vertical alignment is generally satisfactory. Condition and alig brickwork is fair. There is no evidence of any significant bulges or major states in the states of foundation cracking at ground level.		
	Most properties are subject to slight settling down over the years as sub-soil consolidates and adjusts to changes in ground condition. This will frequently result in limited differential movement, which is often expressed as minor cracking or distortion of window and door openings and is rarely of structural significance.		
	Externally the brick window lintels and vertical mortar junctions are all comevidence of any movement. These areas are mentioned specifically as any property would be noted at these points. The British Geological website income of chalk which is a solid base and hence not liable to move adversely.	/ movement	to the
	In all external walls there should be a damp proof course (DPC) just above an impervious layer present to prevent dampness rising up the walls from to modern properties this is often a plastic membrane but in older properties as bitumen felt or slate are often found. Houses built before 1880, or so, us provision to prevent dampness rising up, or penetrating through, the walls. can be seen at the base of the walls.	the ground. other materia sually have r	In als such no
	The external render coat is in reasonable condition.		
	No significant defects were noted during my inspection and the external was structurally sound.	alls were fou	ind to be
Action Required	Walls should be examined regularly to inspect for changes in the nature of other defects that may become apparent.	any crackin	g or



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	4.5 Windows and External Doors	Condition rating	1
Construction & Type	All of the windows and doors are double glazed with uPVC frames.		
Nature of inspection and Limitations	All external doors were checked for normal operation and signs of failure or damage. Windows were examined for general signs of degradation and failure including blown double glazing units and worn seals. Opening was attempted to all windows and all checked for normal operation. The condensation levels in certain weather conditions can disguise evidence of blown double glazed units.		
Condition	uPVC frames can vary enormously in quality and an assessment of individ the scope of this report. They are less suitable for piecemeal repairs whils and fixings can require occasional overhaul. The double-glazed units appr will need routine maintenance. Double-glazing has a limited life and is prone to deterioration at edge seals sometimes be recognised by moisture between the panes but its presence atmospheric conditions that are, of course variable.Such defects cannot al during a single inspection.	for piecemeal repairs whilst stay mechanisms e double-glazed units appear serviceable but deterioration at edge seals. This can the panes but its presence is dependent upon	
	Under normal circumstances sealed double glazed units can be expected years before the seals begin to fail. This can occur more quickly where wir or vulnerable situations. It is estimated that most of the windows currently approximately 10 years old and there is no evidence of any imminent failur condensation levels in certain weather conditions can disguise evidence of glazed units, but no issues were noted or suspected.	ndows are in fitted are res. The	exposed
Action Required	Any future blown double glazing units require replacement. It should also to where some sealed units within a window have failed, others may also fail Normal maintenance of frames, hinges and locks is required. Be aware that previous owners may have distributed multiple sets of keys doors to individuals not known to you. When purchasing a property, you sh cost of replacing all of the door and window locks as soon as possible afte occupation. When doing this you should consult your insurers to ensure th requirements for security, and obtain any discounts that may be available is security of the property.	in due cours for the windo hould consid r you take up at you meet	se. ows and er the o their



	4.6 External Joinery and Finishes	Condition rating	1
Construction & Type	The soffits, fascias and bargeboards are all of uPVC construction.		
Nature of inspection and Limitations	Decorations were examined from ground level with the aid of binoculars from vantage points within the grounds of the property and suitable public areas around. Decorations were examined for signs of wear and tear, peeling paint, lack of oiling where applicable and other defects.		
Condition	The rendered sections to the external walls have been well maintained and presented in good decorative order. As most other surfaces are of uPVC n required.		ration is
Action Required	Regular maintenance will be required.		


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# Section 5 - Inside the Property

# Scope of survey

The following was carried out:-

- A visual, non-invasive inspection of all the parts of the property that can be seen without causing damage to the fabric or any fixtures, fittings or furnishings present at the time of inspection.

- Checks for damp using a moisture-measuring meter where possible.

- Inspection of the roof structure from inside the roof space where it was safe to access and move around the roof space, but insulation material, stored goods and other contents were not moved or lifted.

- Floor surfaces were inspected where readily and safely accessible, but fitted floor coverings and heavy furniture were not moved.

- Sound insulation or noise is not commented on.

- Personal possessions, including those within cupboards and wardrobes, for example, pictures, mirrors, furniture, and other items were not moved.

5.1	Roof Spaces
5.2	Ceilings
5.3	Walls
5.4	Floors
5.5	Chimney Breasts, Fireplaces and Flues
5.6	Built-In Fittings
5.7	Internal Joinery
5.8	Bathroom and Sanitary Fittings

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	5.1 Roof Spaces	Condition rating	1
Construction & Type	The main roof is constructed using individual timbers in a traditional manner built in cut timber frame comprising rafters spanning from ridge to eaves supported by struts. The sarking felt [undercovering] is bitumen. The insulation is laid to a depth of about 250mm.		
Nature of inspection and Limitations	<ul> <li>The roof space was accessed via a hatch from a bedroom.</li> <li>The roof space was examined for signs of bowing, twisting, cracking and failure of roof timbers, signs of failure or damage to the roof covering, infestation including birds, insects, animals and beetles (woodworm), and other defects. The roof space was further investigated for any indications of lack of adequate ventilation or suitable fire walls.</li> <li>Due to the quantity of possessions stored in the roof space and its limited size, movement around the roof was limited.</li> <li>Due to insulation material covering the joists that would normally serve as footfalls within the loft space, movement was limited to the area around the access hatch.</li> </ul>		
Condition	The roof structure is in a good condition with reasonable quality timbers throughout. The roof space is laid with 200-300mm of wool type insulation at joist level. This close to the current recommendation of 270mm for maximum energy efficiency. It does, however, limit movement and storage within the roof space as any supporting joists are concealed.		
Action Required	Regularly monitor timbers for evidence of wood boring insects and other s Care should be taken when moving around, or storing heavy objects, in th spaces between the floor joists will not support a persons weight, or that o Where heavy items are to be stored it is important to distribute the weight boards. Additional structural support may be required if you plan to store la heavy items in the roof space.	e roof space f large boxes evenly using	. The s etc. fixed



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	5.2 Ceilings	Condition rating	1
Construction & Type	The ceilings are constructed from plasterboard.		
Nature of inspection and Limitations	Ceilings were examined for signs of undue levels of bowing, cracking, staining and other defects. Moisture meter readings were taken at regular intervals.		
Condition	All internal ceilings have been maintained and all surfaces are presented in a fair decorative order. There was some visible hairline cracking to some plaster boarded areas. There is perimeter junction cracking between the ceilings and walls in some places, generally which is not in itself of structural significance. This is normal thermal expansion movement and within tolerance levels.		
Action Required	Normal future maintenance is required, including filling and redecorating a necessary.	ny cracks as	

	5.3 Walls	Condition rating	1
Construction & Type	The internal walls are of both solid and timber stud construction. The inside faces of some of the external walls have been dry-lined.		
Nature of inspection and Limitations	Internal walls were examined for indications of bowing, leaning, cracking and undue surface failure/damage. Moisture meter readings were taken at regular intervals where access and wall construction/location permitted.		
Condition	All internal walls and ceilings have been maintained and all surfaces are presented in a fair decorative order. There was no dampness recorded to the internal walls on the day of inspection (see comment in 5.5 regarding the chimney breasts). Condensation levels noted were within normal limits expected for a property of this type and age. Some of the internal walls are dry-lined or of timber stud construction. This means that special fixings will be required where heavy objects are to be hung onto or attached to the walls as the plasterboard facing of the walls is not sufficiently strong to carry heavy weights. It will also be the case that picture hooks and other nailed-in fixings will only have a light hold within the wall facing. No significant defects were noted during my inspection and the internal walls were found to be structurally sound.		
Action Required	Wall Removal: As part of the legal process, your legal adviser should cont the local council and obtain any records of any notifiable works completed Normal maintenance is required, including filling and redecorating cracks a		

	5.4 Floors	Condition rating	
Construction & Type	The floors to the ground floor are of solid beam and block construction and timber construction to the first floors.	l of suspended	
Nature of inspection and Limitations	Floors were examined for sagging, hogging, unevenness, undue springiness and other signs of failure or damage. Fixed floor coverings in most rooms prevented direct examination of the floor surfaces. Tiled floors were examined for any cracked tiles which could indicate movement of the structure.		
Condition	Ground Floors At the time of the survey no evidence of any undue movement was noticed. There was no gapping between the skirting boards and the floor base. No significant defects are noted. Upper Floors No undue levels of movement were noted at the time of the survey.		
Action Required	Floors should be monitored for any changes that occur in their level or spr	inginess.	

	5.5 Chimney Breasts, Fireplaces and Flues	Condition rating	NA
Construction & Type	As there are no chimney stacks located at the property, there are no firepla breasts either.	aces or chim	ney

	5.6 Built-In Fittings	Condition rating	1
Construction & Type	The kitchen fittings are modern and the worktops are of granite, units are a mixture of wall-hung and floor standing. There is a utility room with similiar units. The fitted wardrobes (and walk-in cupboards) are modern style.		
Nature of inspection and Limitations	<ul> <li>The kitchen units and utility room were examined for general condition. A selection of cupboards and drawers were checked for normal operation. Built in appliances were not checked for operation or safety. No significant defects or damage was noted but some modernising and updating may now be required.</li> <li>Fitted wardrobes (and walk-in cupboards) were checked for general condition and door operation. No significant defects were noted but some modernising and updating may now be required.</li> </ul>		
Condition	No Significant Defects are Noted.		
Action Required	Normal Maintenance is Required		



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	5.7 Internal Joinery	Condition rating	1
Construction & Type	The internal woodwork includes such items as: doors, frames, skirting's, bastaircases. All the internal doors are made from softwood.	anisters and	
Nature of inspection and Limitations	The internal doors were checked for normal operation and other woodwork examined for a range of defects. Woodwork was also examined for evidence associated with movement of the structure of the property, woodworm and other infestations, and general condition. Moisture meter readings were taken at regular intervals.		
Condition	<ul> <li>The stair balustrades and hand rails are of softwood construction and of suitable quality. All parts were firm with no undue levels of movement during usage. The gaps between the balustrades, the pitch level and head heights are compliant with current regulations.</li> <li>As mentioned in 4.4 most properties are subject to slight settling down over the years as sub-soil consolidates and adjusts to changes in ground condition. This will frequently result in limited differential movement, which is often expressed as minor cracking or distortion of window and door openings and is rarely of structural significance. All internal doors were in fair alignment with no undue movement noticed to the frames. All doors operated effectively.</li> <li>No significant defects or damage was noted.</li> </ul>		as esult in of re in fair
Action Required	Door hinges and locks should be regularly lubricated. Internal timbers shour regularly for evidence of bowing or distortion, woodworm and other defects		cted



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	5.8 Bathroom and Sanitary Fittings	Condition rating	1	
Construction & Type	All 5 bathrooms/ensuites/cloakrooms are of modern design			
Nature of inspection and Limitations	The fittings were checked for signs of damage, cracks, leaking pipes and other common defects. Sealant joints were checked for undue wear and failure. All fittings were checked for normal operation – WC's were all flushed at least twice to ensure correct drainage and flow.			
Condition	There is mechanical ventilation to all first floor bathrooms/ensuites. These should be kept operational as they reduce the levels of moisture within the rooms and hence the risk of condensation to the walls and ceiling structures. No significant defects are noted, all fittings operated as required with water pressures at fair			
Action Required	levels.         Regular maintenance of all seals to the bath and shower to prevent water displacement.			
	En suite		4	

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#### Scope of survey

A visual, non-invasive inspection of the services was carried out, but specialist tests were not conducted. If any services (such as the boiler or mains water) were turned off, they were not turned on for safety reasons and the report will state that to be the case.

The reports only comments on the services covered in this section (electricity, gas, oil, water, heating and drainage).

All other services and domestic appliances are not included in the inspection: for example security and door answering systems, smoke alarms, television, cable, wireless and satellite communication systems, cookers, hobs, washing machines and fridges (even where built in).

# **Competent Person Schemes**

Competent person self certification schemes (commonly referred to as competent person schemes) were introduced by the Government in 2002 to allow registered installers (i.e. businesses, mostly small firms or sole traders), who are competent in their field, to self-certify certain types of building work as compliant with the requirements of the Building Regulations.

These schemes offer benefits to the building industry and consumers:

- scheme members save time by not having to notify in advance and use a building control body (i.e. a local authority or a private sector approved inspector) to check/inspect their work

- consumers benefit from lower prices as building control charges are not payable.

The schemes help to tackle the problem of cowboy builders by raising standards in the industry and enabling consumers to identify competent installers. They also allow building control bodies to concentrate their resources on areas of higher risk.

Any works undertaken to these services should be carried out only by a suitably qualified competent person.

6.1	Electricity
6.2	Gas / Oil
6.3	Water
6.4	Heating and Cooling
6.5	Drainage
6.6	Other Services

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	6.1 Electricity	Condition rating	HS
Construction & Type	There is an underground electrical supply and the consumer unit [fuse box cupboard in the games room.	] is located i	na
	The consumer unit is a modern unit with MCB's (miniature circuit breakers) (Residual Current device).	) and also ai	n RCD
Nature of inspection and Limitations	It is not possible to fully assess the condition and safety of an electrical installation on the basis of a visual inspection only. Distribution wiring is largely concealed and therefore date and quality of installation cannot be verified within in the scope of this inspection.		
Condition	In general the electrical circuits seen are in a fair condition. PVC cabling we property and the socket face plates and switch plates are of a suitable mode		l at the
Action Required	Some services will be obscured by furniture and other objects at the time of the survey. Upon occupation it is strongly advisable to visually check all socket outlets and switch points for any broken housings or loose fascias. Any damage seen should be repaired accordingly. The NICEIC recommends that electrical installations are subjected to an Electrical Installation Condition Report (EICR) by a suitably qualified engineer at least every 10 years. They further recommend that a PIR be carried		
	<image/>		

	6.2 Gas / Oil	Condition rating	HS	
Construction & Type	There is a mains gas supply and the meter and valve are located in an extradjacent to the main gate.	ernal cabine	t	
Nature of inspection and Limitations	The system was inspected for any obvious signs of leakage and damage to the supply pipes where visible.			
Condition	No significant defects were noted but see health and safety advice below.			
Action Required	Advice: Gas Safe recommends that all gas appliances and boilers are insp according to manufacturers' guidance, but at least once a year. At the time documentation was seen to verify that an inspection or servicing has been the last 12 months but the vendor advised that the boiler is on an annual s From a health and safety perspective, it is recommended that you validate certification, or commission an inspection and servicing of the gas installat appliances (including the boiler, gas fire and gas hob) prior to occupation of As the property is currently inhabited the system should be in use. In addit fairly recent model. These observations reduce the risk of any hidden issue advisable to seek confirmation as to the operational safety of the complete The Gas Safe website called 'Buying a new home', it states: 'Homebuyers cannot always be sure when the gas appliances in their new last safety checked and serviced. Ask your vendor for an annual gas safety record which shows that a Gas Safe registered engineer has checked the your vendor cannot supply an up to date annual gas safety record, you sho a Gas Safe registered engineer to check the gas appliances before you me should include the gas boiler, oven, and hob and gas fire. The registered e vendor a gas safety record, which they should handover to you before you Safe than sorry. Poorly maintained or badly fitted gas appliances can put y leaks, explosions, fires and carbon monoxide poisoning.' 'Safety check' - As a minimum, this must check: •Appliances are positioned in the right place; •Any flue or chimney serving appliances are safe and installed correctly; •There is a good supply of combustion air (ventilation) to appliances; •The appliances are on the right setting and are burning correctly; the appli- correctly and are safe to use.	e of survey, r carried out v ervice scheo any availabl ion and ALL of the proper ion the boile es but it is st system. home were y gas appliand buld get bve in. This of angineer will move in. Be ou at risk fro	no within dule. le ty. r is a ill ces. If check give the etter Gas om gas	

	6.3 Water	Condition rating		
Construction & Type	There is a mains water supply. The water installation is of the more modern unvented system style. This does not require a cold water storage tank; all the cold water draw-off points are fed directly off the mains supply. There are no water storage facilities (hot or cold) at the property.			
Nature of inspection and Limitations	The visible parts of the system were checked for any obvious signs of leaking, damaged pipes, correct covering and insulation, and other evidence of defects. Water taps were operated to check for flow pressure and correct drainage.			
Condition	No significant defects are noted, all fittings operated as required with water pressures at fair levels.			
Action Required	Check the installation for evidence of leaks or other defects on a regular basis i.e. approximately every 6 months, or sooner. Leaks most often occur at pipe joints and where pipes are subject to movement or physical damage, such as airing cupboards, roof spaces and under sinks.			

	6.4 Heating and Cooling	Condition rating	1		
Construction & Type	The heating is provided by a regular condensing gas boiler which is located in the airing cupboard. Hot water is provided by an unvented indirect hot water cylinder located in the same cupboard. Additional heating could be provided by an underfloor system which has not yet been commissioned. The boiler is a Vaillant ecoTEC plus 637 model. It provides heat to the property via the hot water radiator system and also heats the water in the unvented cylider located in the airing cupboard. The cylinder is of 300 litre capacity. On the SEDBUK efficiency database this boiler is rated as 89% efficient and this particular model has been manufactured from 2007 –				
	although this installed boiler is probably younger. As a guide, modern condensing boilers are around 90% efficient. Condensing boilers of this type are the most efficient type available at present. There are TRV's (thermostatic radiator valves) on most radiators for individual room temperature control. There is also a wall thermostat and a programmer unit on the wall adjacent to the boiler.				
Nature of inspection and Limitations	It is not possible to fully assess the condition and safety of a gas and heating installation on the basis of a visual inspection only. A visual inspection was carried out of the radiators, pipework and boiler to detect leaks, corrosion and other common defects.				
Condition	No visible defects were detected.				
Action Required	It is recommended that you establish the service history of the gas boiler p purchase, as only regular servicing by a competent person can ensure effic these enquiries suggest that previous maintenance has been inadequate y competent person to check the whole system prior to purchase. Unvented hot water systems should only be installed and serviced by a qu competent person holding a current G3 Unvented Qualification. It is extrem the system is correctly installed, along with all essential safety controls. Bu require all installations of unvented hot water cylinders to be notified to Bui	iency and sa ou should ir alified and nely importan ilding Regul	afety. If istruct a nt that ations		
	installer is a member of a Competent Persons Scheme, notification should automatically following the installation, and the customer will receive a Buil Compliance certificate.Unvented systems of this type should be serviced a safe and efficient operation.	happen ding Regula	tion		



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	6.5 Drainage	Condition rating	1		
Construction & Type	There is a mains underground drainage system.				
Nature of inspection and Limitations	Foul drainage: The property is connected to the main sewer,which I have assumed has be maintained at public expense. Your Legal Advisers should be able to confir The soil vent pipe is located to the side of the property and is made of plas maintenance and possibly even replacement over the near term. Soil and waste pipes that are located internally should be regularly inspect as such pipes can suffer from the effects of condensation,pipes can leak,c and deterioration to plaster,tiles and decorations. In addition, it is not genera surveyor to inspect and/or confirm the condition of such areas as they are from view,behind bath panels, in boxing or casing for soil pipes,beneath flo cupboards. I can confirm that on this inspection many such soil and waste pipes were It was not possible to inspect all of the manholes as not all could be access underground pipework could not be inspected at all.Only a comprehensive specialist contractor can be relied upon to produce a detailed survey of the otherwise of the current system. Surface water drainage: Rainwater from the downpipes is likely to drain to soakaways(usually pits f separate drainage system running parallel to the foul drainage.Without exc could not be confirmed,but there were no signs of flooding or blockages at inspection.	m this. stic. This may red and mair ausing rot in ally possible generally hid ors or within concealed fi sed and mud inspection b e limitations of cavation, the	y require ntained, timbers for a dden rom view. ch of the by a or oble) or a layout		
Condition	Without extensive exposure work we cannot confirm the type or layout of the underground drainage system. Nevertheless, we found no signs of flooding or blockages on site.				
Action Required	Drains should be regularly inspected to ensure they remain free from blockages, tree root damage or other obstructions.				
	We would recommend seeing both covers freed and lifted, then WC's flush operation of the drains.	ned to see co	orrect		

	6.6 Other Services	Condition rating	1		
Construction & Type	Neither a television aerial nor a satellite dish was noted at the property. The house also benefits from a burglar alarm. This was not in operation and not tested at the time of the survey.				
Nature of inspection and Limitations	I have not carried out an assessment of broadband speeds for this property. If this is important to you, it is essential you check with your preferred broadband provider or request a speed test at the property when you visit and certainly before you commit to the purchase.				
Condition	No significant defects were noted. Ensure TV and Radio reception is possible if these are desired services.				
Action Required	Examine all fittings regularly to ensure that they are secure.				



# Scope of survey

The condition of the boundary walls and fences, outbuildings and areas in common (shared) use was inspected from within the grounds and any public areas, but not from neighbouring private property.

The report provides a summary of the general condition of any garden walls, fences and permanent outbuildings. Buildings containing swimming pools and sports facilities are treated as outbuildings, but the report does not comment on the leisure facilities, such as the pool itself and its equipment.

7.1	Garaging
7.2	Outbuildings and Sheds
7.3	Grounds
7.4	Common and Shared Areas
7.5	Neighbourly Matters

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	7.1 Garaging	Condition rating	1		
Construction & Type	The garage is integral to the main property.				
Nature of inspection and Limitations	It was internally examined .				
Condition	All brickwork was in reasonable condition and the remote controlled door w	worked well.			
Action Required	Normal maintenance, including regular retreatment of the walls, is required.				
	<image/> <image/>				

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	7.2 Outbuildings and Sheds	Condition rating	1	
Construction & Type	There is a timber building to the front of the property which is currently occupied by someone who was being quarantined. There are also 2 timber sheds in the rear garden			
Nature of inspection and Limitations	The front timber building could not be inspected.			
Condition	The sheds are in a fair condition.			
Action Required	Normal maintenance, including regular retreatment of the walls, is required. Foliage and debris should be removed from the outside walls.			

Timber outbuilding

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<b>A</b>	7.3 Grounds	Condition rating	1			
Construction	There are gardens to the front and rear which are mostly lawned with surrounding borders.					
& Туре	There is a patio to the rear which is made up of stone flagstones.					
	The driveway is to the front of the property and is built from paviors.					
	The boundaries are defined by a mixture of timber panel fencing and wire	and hedges.				
	There is a pond to the front and rear of the property, neither of which has b	een covered				
Nature of inspection and	The greater area and the found the former any indications of hard failure of the test					
Limitations	It should be noted that a full and detailed inspection for the presence of Japanese Knotweed cannot be carried out especially where the gardens are well stocked or have been recently cut and maintained. No evidence of the presence of Japanese Knotweed was seen during my inspection but you are advised to seek further advice if you believe it may be present or are aware that it is present in premises nearby.					
Condition	There is no evidence of any damage from flooding.					
	The gardens are both presented in a well maintained condition.					
	The driveway surface is in a serviceable condition and is reasonably level.					
	The fencing is also presented in a fair condition.					
Action Required	Normal Maintenance is Required.					



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	7.4 Common and Shared Areas	Condition rating	NA
Construction & Type	There were no common or shared areas noted at the property.		

	7.5 Neighbourly Matters
Observations	A general unspecific overview of the immediate local area was carried out during the course of the survey, to identify issues that might affect the normal enjoyment of the property. No obvious causes of concern were noted however it cannot be known if issues are present at other times.
	You are advised to visit the property on a number of occasions at different times of the day and night to form an opinion of any factors that might be relevant

	Section 8 Addendum 8.1 - About your Surveyor			
Surveyor	andrew martin			
Address	Domestic Property Surveys Ltd 100 High St Whitstable CT5 1AZ			
	Telephone	01227 238970		
Contact Details	Mobile	07500 9293	345	
	Email	housesurve	eys1@gmail.com	1
Signed (electronic signature)	AMarta	MB	Date Finalising Report	30 Mar 2020



Your home needs maintaining in the normal way, and this general advice may be useful when read together with your report. It is not specific to this property and does not include comprehensive details. Problems in construction may develop slowly over time.

# Outside

You should check the condition of your property at least once a year and after severe weather. Routine redecoration of the outside of the property will also give you an opportunity to closely examine the building.

Chimney stacks: Check these occasionally for signs of cracked cement, split or broken pots, or loose and gaping joints in the brickwork or render. Storms may loosen aerials or other fixings, including the flashings, the materials used to form the joints with the roof coverings.

Roof coverings: Check these occasionally for slipped, broken and missing tiles or slates, particularly after severe weather.

Flat roofing has a limited life, and is at risk of cracking and blistering. You should not walk on a flat roof. Where possible keep it free from debris. If it is covered with spar chippings, make sure the coverage is even, and replace chippings where necessary.

Rainwater pipes and gutters: Clear any debris at least once a year, and check for leaks when it is raining. You should also check for any loose downpipe connectors and broken fixings.

Main walls: Check main walls for cracks and any uneven bulging. Maintain the joints in brickwork and repair loose or broken rendering. Re-paint decorated walls regularly. Cut back or remove any plants that are harmful to mortar and render. Keep the soil level well below the level of any damp proof course (150mm minimum recommended) and make sure any ventilation bricks are kept clear. Check over cladding for broken, rotted or damaged areas that need repairing.

Windows and doors: Once a year check all frames for signs of rot in wood frames, for any splits in plastic or metal frames and for rusting to latches and hinges in metal frames. Maintain all decorated frames by repairing or redecorating at the first sign of any deterioration. In autumn check double glazing for condensation between the glazing, as this is a sign of a faulty unit. Have broken or cracked glass replaced by a qualified specialist. Check for broken sash cords on sliding sash windows, and sills and window boards for any damage.

Conservatories and porches: Keep all glass surfaces clean, and clear all rainwater gutters and down pipes. Look for broken glazing and for any leaks when it's raining. Arrange for repairs by a qualified specialist.

Other woodwork and finishes: Regularly redecorate all joinery, and check for rot and decay which you should repair at the same time.

# Grounds

Garages and outbuildings: Follow the maintenance advice given for the main building.

Other: Regularly prune trees, shrubs and hedges as necessary. Look out for any overhanging and unsafe branches, loose walls, fences and ornaments, particularly after severe weather. Clear leaves and other debris, moss and algae growth. Make sure all hard surfaces are stable and level, and not slippery or a trip hazard.

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#### Inside the property

You can check the inside of your property regularly when cleaning, decorating and replacing carpets or floor coverings. You should also check the roof area occasionally.

Roof structure: When you access the roof area, check for signs of any leaks and the presence of vermin, rot or decay to timbers. Also look for tears to the under-felting of the roof, and check pipes, lagging and insulated areas.

Ceilings: If you have a leak in the roof the first sign is often damp on the ceiling beneath the roof. Be aware if your ceiling begins to look uneven as this may indicate a serious problem, particularly for older ceilings.

Walls and partitions: Look for cracking and impact damage, or damp areas which may be caused by plumbing faults or defects on the outside of the property.

Floors: Be alert for signs of unevenness when you are moving furniture, particularly with timber floors.

Fireplaces, chimney breasts and flues: You should arrange for a qualified specialist to regularly sweep all used open chimneys. Also, make sure that bricked-up flues are ventilated.

Flues to gas appliances should be checked annually by a qualified gas technician.

Built-in fittings: Check for broken fittings.

#### Services

Ensure all meters and control valves are easy to access and not hidden or covered over. Arrange for a competent person to check and test all gas and oil services, boilers, heating systems and connected devices once a year.

Electrical installations should only be replaced or modified by a competent person and tested as specified by the Electrical Safety Council (recommended minimum of a ten year period if no alterations or additions are made, or on change of occupancy).

Monitor plumbing regularly during use. Look out for leakage and breakages, and check insulation is adequate particularly as winter approaches.

Lift drain covers annually to check for blockages and clean these as necessary. Check any private drainage systems annually, and arrange for a qualified contractor to clear these as necessary. Keep gullies free from debris.



# 8.2 - Maintenance advice (contd)

#### Important information for purchasers of older, listed and historic properties

Modern properties, those built after 1900 or so, are essentially constructed as sealed boxes which are designed to keep all moisture out. This is achieved by the use of impermeable membranes at ground level (such as a damp proof course) to prevent moisture rising up from the ground below, and cavity walls which are designed to prevent moisture penetrating through the walls. Windows and doors are made to seal tightly, and most houses built today are constructed without any chimneys at all.

In this type of property, where dampness is found inside then it is generally due to some specific defect which will require repair.

Older properties, generally those built before 1850 or so, were constructed in a very different way, and one in which moisture will naturally enter the property. They do not have damp proof courses or cavity walls and are not intended to be a sealed unit.

However, these properties are designed to manage the movement of moisture in such a way as to prevent it becoming a hazard to health or to the structure of the building, and it is important to understand the mechanisms by which it does this in order to protect the structural elements of the building from becoming defective.

At the time that these properties were constructed it was the normal for them to have many openings where draughts could enter the building, such as multiple open fireplaces, ill-fitting doors and windows, and gaps in floorboards. As a result, ventilation levels were very high, allowing moisture to evaporate readily in the moving air, and to be carried away to the outside. So, for example, where moisture penetrated the walls, although the inside surfaces of those walls would be damp, the levels of moisture would achieve equilibrium as the rate of evaporation compensated for the rate of penetration.

Today, we try to minimise draughts by blocking fireplaces, adding secondary or double glazing, laying laminate floors and sealing the gaps around doors and windows. As a result moisture levels rise due to the decreased air movement that is a consequence of the reduced ventilation. This then leads to dampness becoming evident, particularly in areas of minimal air movement, such as behind large objects of furniture and within cupboards and wardrobes.

Many older homes were built at a time when lime mortar was the primary method of setting bricks and stones. Lime mortar is both flexible and porous, unlike the very hard, inflexible and nonporous cement mortars used in more modern construction. Lime mortar, therefore, allows the moisture evaporation process to continue by acting as a wick for moisture to leave the main walls between the bricks and/or stones that make up the bulk of the wall. This is a further step in the process of managing moisture within the property.

Today, we see many repairs carried out to older homes using cement mortar. This seals the gaps between the bricks and/or stones, trapping the moisture in the wall and forcing it into the surface of the bricks and stones, causing them to fail when that moisture freezes in the surface of those materials. And by reducing the amount of moisture that can evaporate through the wall to the outside, it increases dampness levels inside.

As a result of the actions described above, it is common, today, to find higher than average moisture levels in older properties. The consequences of this can cause significant defects within the property. In particular, high moisture levels, especially in roof spaces and cellars, can promote the development of wood boring insects such as Common Furniture Beetle, and Death Watch Beetle in structural timbers such as roof and floor joists. High levels of dampness in walls causes plaster to fail, decorations to become damaged, and in some properties, significant damage to the timber frame of the building.

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To avoid these defects developing and becoming a serious threat to the building, it is important to be aware of the consequences of any actions which may have an impact on moisture management within the building. The following is a list of suggestions and recommendations that will help maintain the building in a good and sound condition. It is by no means an exhaustive list and it is recommended that all owners of listed, historic and older buildings inform themselves of the best way to protect such a property.

1.Consider ways to improve ventilation within the property. This may include the installation of mechanical extractors in kitchens and bathrooms, removing secondary glazing units, ensuring that windows can be opened easily and that they are used regularly, removing insulation from the eaves area of the roof where it may block ventilation, and not leaving the property closed up and unoccupied for extended periods.

2. Where repairs are necessary, ensure they are carried out by tradespeople who are knowledgeable and competent in traditional building methods and that materials are sympathetic to those used originally. In particular, where walls are to be repointed, then lime mortar (which is very different from cement mortar with some lime added!) should be used and any earlier cement mortar repairs removed and refinished.

3. Ensure that the guttering and rainwater handling systems are in a well maintained and fully operative condition. Very significant damage can be caused in a very short period of time due to simple leaking gutters, downpipes, hoppers and other elements of the rainwater handling systems. It is therefore essential that these are inspected regularly, at least three or four times a year, and any damages or defects repaired as quickly as possible. In particular they should be cleared after autumn leaf fall to ensure they are as effective as possible during the winter.

4. Maintain a regular and vigilant inspection process. Unidentified or unrepaired defects can rapidly become more significant, and therefore more costly to repair. A regular process of inspection is more likely to ensure that defects identified at an early stage and can be rectified before further damage is caused. Such a process should include inspection of all the outside elements such as chimneys, roofs, walls, guttering and downpipes, windows and doors and roof edge timbers etc. Internal inspections should include a detailed examination of the roof timbers, moving of large objects of furniture to assess the wall condition behind, examination of floors, doors and timber fittings to identify signs of movement, and the condition of the heating and plumbing systems to ensure no leaks are present. This is in addition to a general and normal maintenance programme.

5. Avoid the introduction of unnecessary interventions. Many companies will recommend the use of chemical processes, such as spraying of timbers or injection of damp proof courses, as a means of rectifying the effects of dampness. In most cases, in respect of older properties, these processes are completely unnecessary, usually ineffective, and in many instances counter-productive. Attempting to prevent the passage of moisture through a wall which was always intended to be damp is unlikely to affect a cure. In fact, it is likely to push the problem elsewhere, and may cause even more significant damage.

Remember that, if the property is listed, any works you wish to carry out may require Listed Building Consent, and it is always best to check with the local authority Conservation Officer before undertaking any activities.

There are many useful resources of information available from, for instance English Heritage, and the Society of Protection of Ancient Buildings, which can help you in understanding how to manage an older property in a sympathetic and considered way. It is strongly recommended that you gain an understanding of the means and methods that they advocate in order to protect your investment.

100 High St Whitstable CT5 1AZ

t: 01227 238970 e: housesurveys1@gmail.com

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At Domestic Property Surveys Ltd our aim is to provide the best level of service possible and we go to very great lengths to ensure that the survey report we have prepared for you is as accurate, informative and complete as possible.

It is possible, however, that for some reason we have not met your expectations in some way and that you wish to raise a concern. We will treat any concerns positively and recognise that they are a means of identifying improvements which can be made to our service delivery standards. We will deal with any concerns quickly and will take prompt action to resolve them.

#### How to contact us

There are several ways you can contact us:

- You can call us by telephone 01227 238970
- You can email us at housesurveys1@gmail.com
- You can write to us at our office, Domestic Property Surveys Ltd, 100 High St Whitstable CT5 1AZ